



Focusing on your onions!





Nitrogen, enough or too much?

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Partners



With the collaboration
of



2012

2013

2014





Observations

- **Onion Prince**
 - **Poor soils (+)**
 - **Under dry season (+)**
 - **Rich soil (-)**
 - **Rainy and cool weather (-)**
- **Growers that succeed growing “Prince” do not necessary succeed growing Frontier (or Mountaineer) or vice-versa**





Observations

- **Regional adaptations**
 - **Grand Bend**
 - **Bradford**
 - **Sherrington**
- **Different soils**
- **Bacterial rot disease pressure**





Hypothesis

- **Vigorous rooted varieties (Prince, Safrane, etc) require less Nitrogen**
- **High Nitrogen rate on those varieties favor too much the vegetative growth delaying the maturity**
- **Higher Nitrogen rate favor bacterial rot infection**

What is the optimal dose???





Frontier, Trekker, Trailblazer, Adventure





The goals

- **Compare different Nitrogen concentration on varieties with poor root vs strong root development**
- **Prove that varieties with stronger root development requires less Nitrogen for better performance**
- **Demonstrate that a lower Nitrogen rate reduce bacterial rot**





2012

2 sites :

- **Frontier vs Tahoe**
- **Adventure vs Safrane**





Méthods

- **Split Splot assortment**
- **4 repetitions**
 - **2 varieties**
 - **3 Nitrogen concentration**
- **Plot dimension**
 - **8 meters (long) x 4 rows (double)**





Implantation dates

	SITE 1	SITE 2
• Fertilisation	May 11	May 18
• Side dress	June 7	June 19
• Harvest	September 11	September 11
• Storage evaluation	March 11, 2013	April 9, 2013







Nitrogen application rates

T1: 0 kg/ha

T2: 50% of the suggested recommendation, or 45kg/ha of 27-0-0, with additional 20kg/ha as a side dress at 2-3 leaves stage

T3: 100% of the suggested recommendation, or 90kg/ha of 27-0-0, with additional 40kg/ha as a side dress at 2-3 leaves stage

Phosphorus: 100 kg/a (*)

Potash: 280 kg/ha (*)

*** As per CRAAQ (Quebec Fertilisation Reference Guide)**





Harvest





Harvest parameters

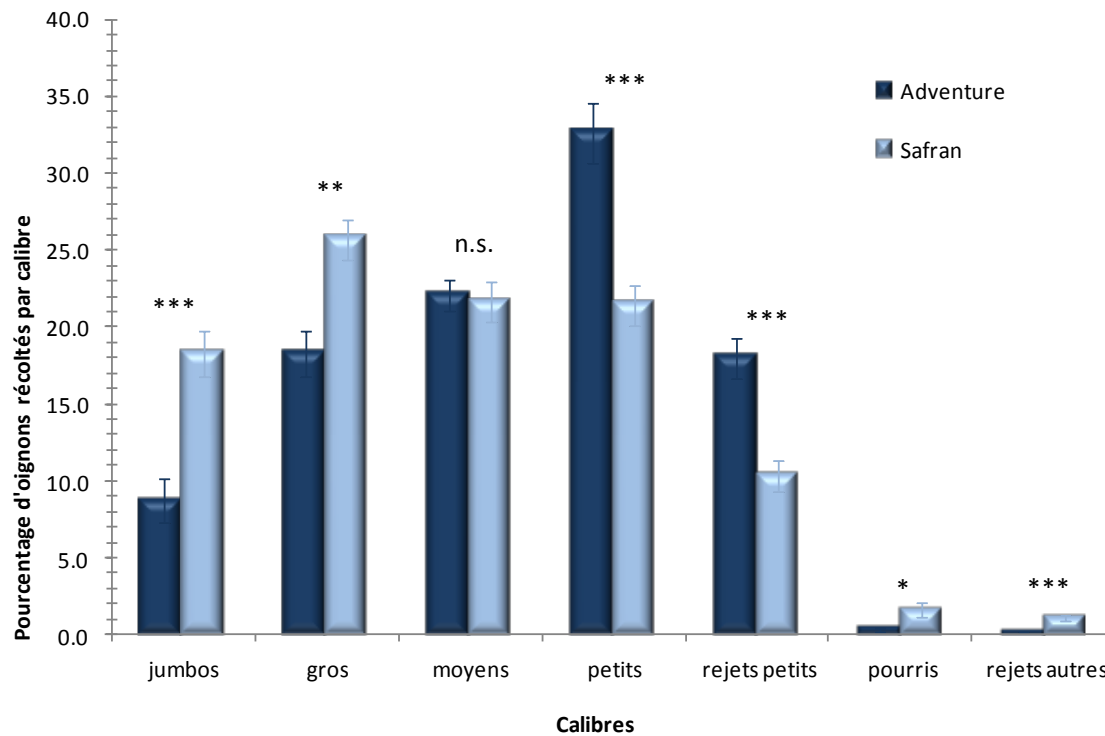
- **Harvest done from the 2 center rows of each plot (6 meters long)**
- **Harvest calibration**
 - ✓ **Jumbo: diameter > 7,62 cm (3")**
 - ✓ **Large: diameter of 7,00 to 7,62 cm (2 ¾" to 3")**
 - ✓ **Medium: diameter of 6,35 to 7,00 cm (2 ½ to 2 ¾")**
 - ✓ **Small: diameter of 5,72 to 6,35 cm (2 ¼ to 2 ½")**
 - ✓ **Rejects**
 - Rejects nature:**
 - Too small
 - Rot
 - other





Onion size % versus sizes

Site 1 – Adventure – Safran :





Onion size % versus sizes

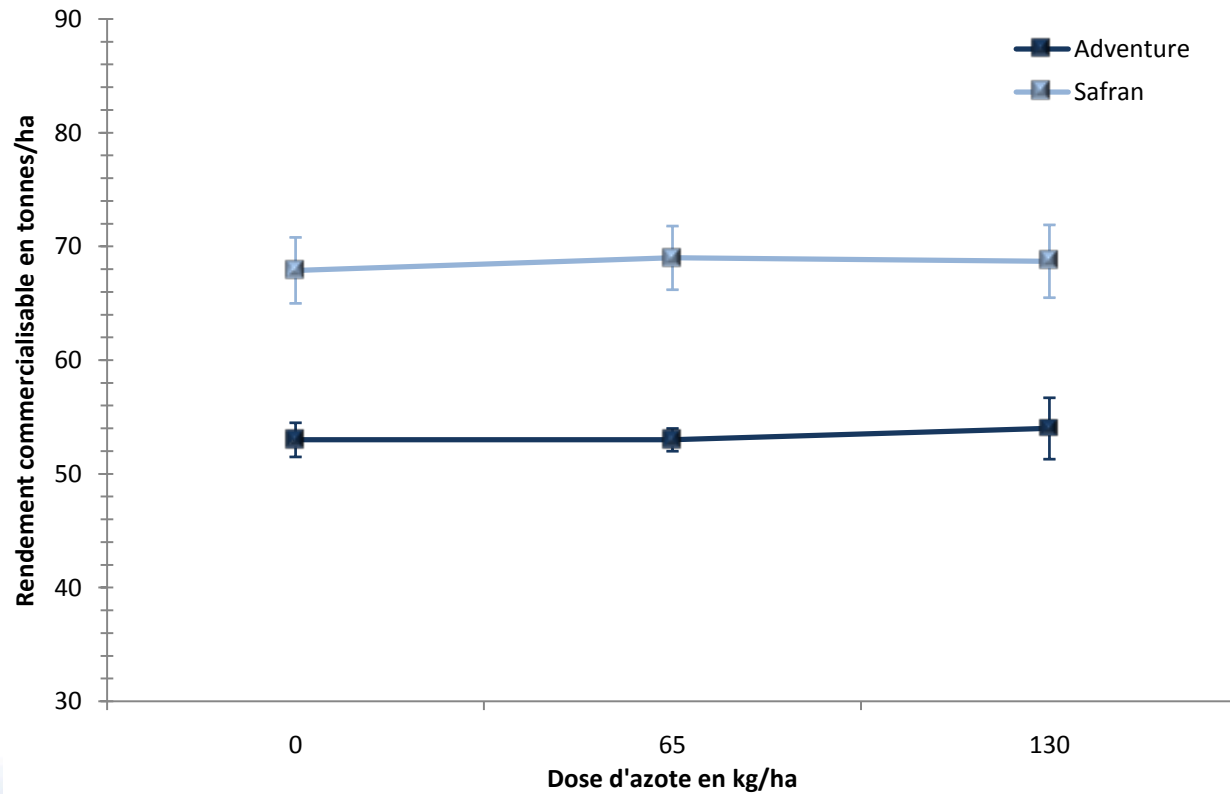
- **Safrane**

- **Larger % of large and jumbo whatever the Nitrate rate**
- **More rejects in Adventure (but only .2 to 2.2% of marketable yield)**
- **Difference of 4 tons/ha between total yield and marketable yield**
- **Difference of 15 tons/ha between Safrane and Adventure**





Marketable yield vs Nitrogen application rate





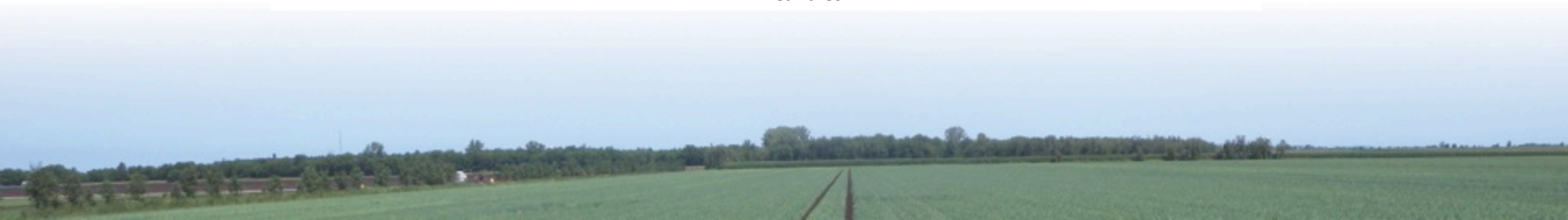
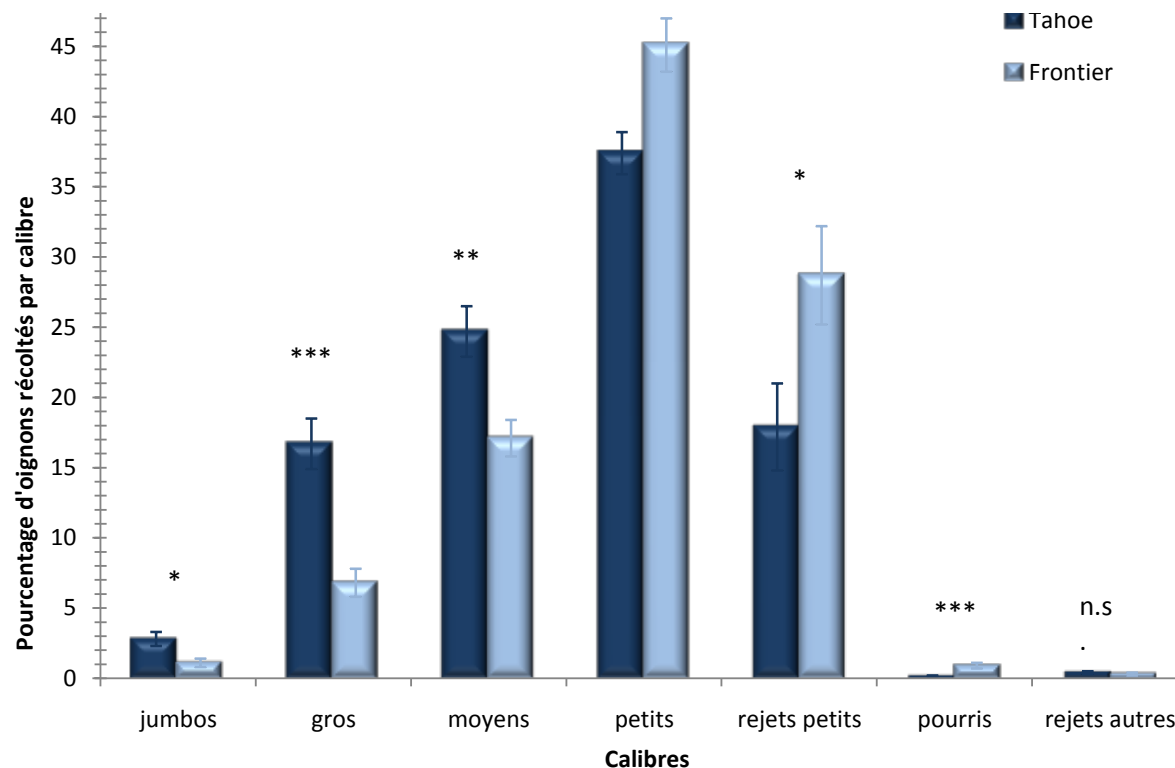
Marketable yield vs Nitrogen application rate

- **No yield difference with the 3 different rates of Nitrogen applied for one variety**



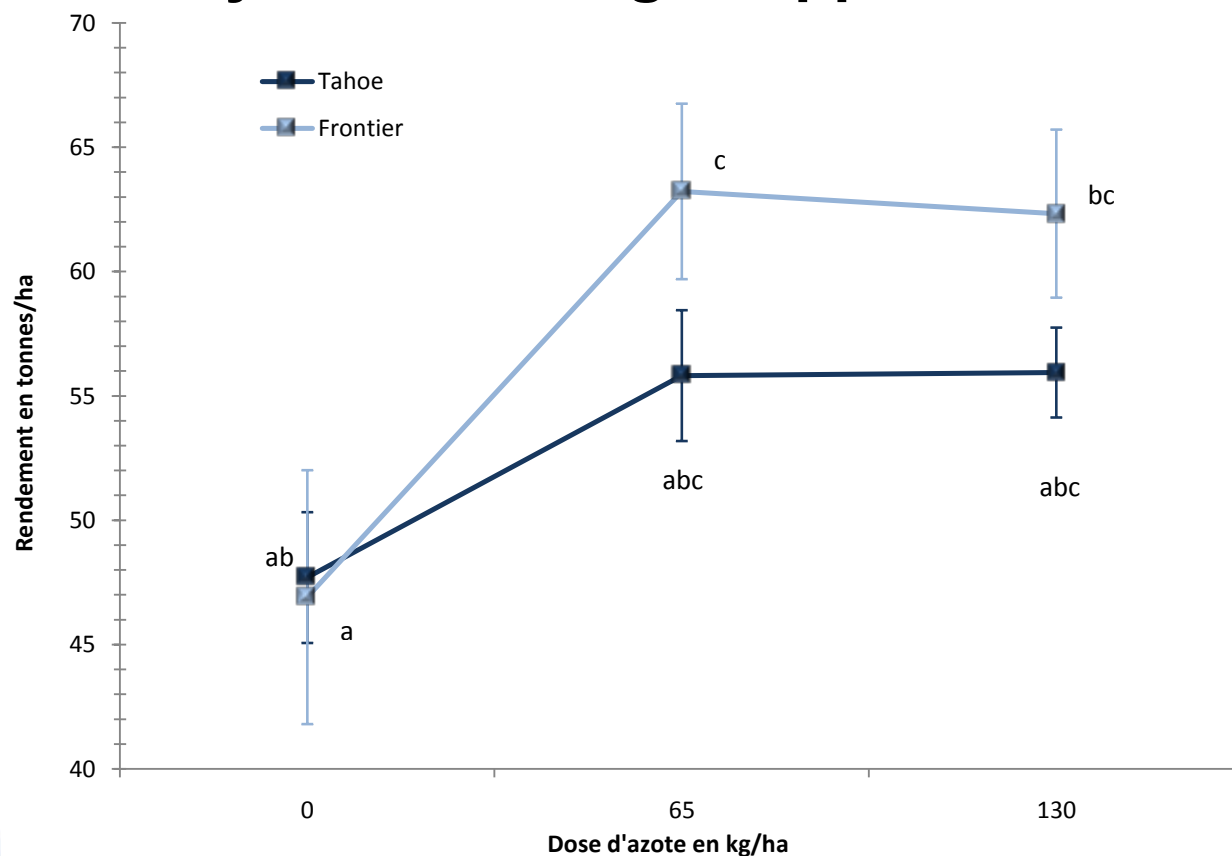


Marketing yield vs Nitrogen application rate





Marketable yield vs Nitrogen application rate





Marketable yield vs Nitrogen application rate

- **Maximum yield for both varieties at 65kg/ha**
- **No yield increase over 65kg/ha Nitrogen application**
- **Frontier yield decrease faster than Tahoe's yield at 0% application rate**





Post-harvest evaluations

- **Weight before and after storage**

Site 1 – Adventure – Safran :

Tableau 2. Poids avant et après entreposage, site 1

variété	Traitement	poids moyens avant entrepot (kg) 30 oignons	poids moyens après entreposage (Kg) 30 oignons	% perte
Adventure	T1	5,20	4,95	4,75
	T2	5,20	4,94	4,85
	T3	5,12	4,83	5,67
	moyenne	5,17 a	4,91 a	5,09% a
Safran	T1	5,41	5,02	7,21
	T2	5,34	4,97	6,78
	T3	5,40	5,04	6,58
	moyenne	5,38 b	5,01 a	6,86% b
Variety	rate	before	after	% loss



Post-harvest evaluations

- **Qualitative evaluation**

Tableau 3. Évaluations qualitatives, site 1

Variété	Traitement	% oignons sains	% pourriture	% doubles	% déformés	% éclatés
Adventure	T1	99,17	0,83	0,00	0,00	0,00
	T2	98,75	1,25	0,00	0,00	0,00
	T3	97,08	1,67	0,42	0,42	0,42
	moyenne	98,33	1,25	0,14	0,14	0,14
Safran	T1	96,21	2,95	0,85	0,00	0,00
	T2	98,33	1,67	0,00	0,00	0,00
	T3	96,67	2,50	0,42	0,00	0,42
	moyenne	97,07	2,37	0,42	0,00	0,14

Variety rate Mkt onions % decay % double % misshaped % splitted





Post-harvest evaluations

- **No difference in weight between the 3 Nitrogen rates on both varieties (before storage)**
- **Significant weight loss on Safrane (after storage)**
- **More rot rejects (2.37%) on Safrane vs Adventure (1.25 %)**
- **Adventure rot % increase with higher Nitrogen rate which is not the case for Safrane**



Post-harvest evaluation

Table 4. Average weight before and after storage

Variété	Traitement	Moyenne de poids avant entrepot (kg) 30 oignons	Moyenne de Poids après entreposage (kg) 30 oignons	% perte
Frontier	T1	4,63	4,30	7,32
	T2	4,65	4,36	6,13
	T3	4,69	4,38	6,74
	moyenne	4,66 a	4,35 a	6,73% a
Tahoe	T1	4,70	4,31	8,34
	T2	4,87	4,51	7,37
	T3	4,74	4,39	7,2
	moyenne	4,77 a	4,40 a	7,71% b

Variety

treatment

before

after

% loss





Post-harvest evaluation

Table 5. Qualitative evaluation

Variété	Traitement	% oignons sains	% pourriture	% éclatés	% pelure tachée	% germés	% Botrytis
Frontier	T1	98,82	0,40	0,78	0,00	0,00	0,00
	T2	97,23	0,00	0,40	0,00	0,00	2,36
	T3	97,63	1,97	0,00	0,00	0,40	0,00
	moyenne	97,89	0,79	0,39	0,00	0,13	0,79
Tahoe	T1	92,92	0,78	1,74	0,69	0,69	3,17
	T2	99,21	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,39	0,40
	T3	95,49	0,00	1,47	0,00	0,40	2,63
	moyenne	95,87	0,26	1,07	0,23	0,50	2,07

Variety treatment Mkt onions % decay % split % stained % sprout % Botrytis





Post-harvest

- **Important yield decrease on both varieties at 0% Nitrogen rate**
- **No qualitative difference**





Conclusion

- **Varieties with strong root development tolerates lower Nitrogen rate without affecting the yield**
- **Under 2012 conditions, 65kg/ha look like the optimal rate on both varieties**
- **Nitrogen rate recommendation cannot be the same on every variety**
- **Need to repeat the trial in 2013**





2013

1 site :

- **Advanced trial on plots of 65,000 s.f. and more**
- **Frontier vs Patterson**






Experimental field

1 : Dispositif essai fertilisation

Champs #91

1,700 pi de long

80'	80'	80'	80'	40'	40'	 Le reste du champs 100%N AC-4
1 tour épandeur 25%N AC-15	1 tour épandeur 50%N AC-14	1 tour épandeur 100%N AC-4	1 tour épandeur 100%N AC-4	1 passe épandeur 50%N AC-14	1 passe épandeur 25%N AC-15	
Patterson				Frontier		
3.12 ac 1.26 ha	3.12 ac 1.26 ha	3.12 ac 1.26 ha	3.12 ac 1.26 ha	1.56 ac 0.63 ha	1.56 ac 0.63 ha	± 3.75 ac ± 1.5 ha
8 parcelles	8 parcelles	8 parcelles		8 parcelles 8 parcelles	8 parcelles	





Experimental field





Nitrogen application rate

- **25 % of suggested rate or 30 kg/ha**
- **50 % of suggested rate or 60 kg/ha**
- **100 % of suggested rate or 90 kg/ha + 30 kg/ha as side dress**

Phosphorus: 100 kg/ha

Potash: 280 kg/ha





Data collection

- **Split Splot assortment**
- **8 repetitions**
 - **2 varieties**
 - **3 Nitrogen application rate**





Harvest data

- **Collection on the 2 middle rows of the plot on 6 meters long**

- ✓ **Jumbo: diameter > 7,62 cm (3")**
- ✓ **Large: diameter of 7,00 to 7,62 cm (2 ¾" to 3")**
- ✓ **Medium: diameter of 6,35 to 7,00 cm (2 ½ to 2 ¾")**
- ✓ **Small: diameter of 5,72 to 6,35 cm (2 ¼ to 2 ½")**
- ✓ **Rejects**

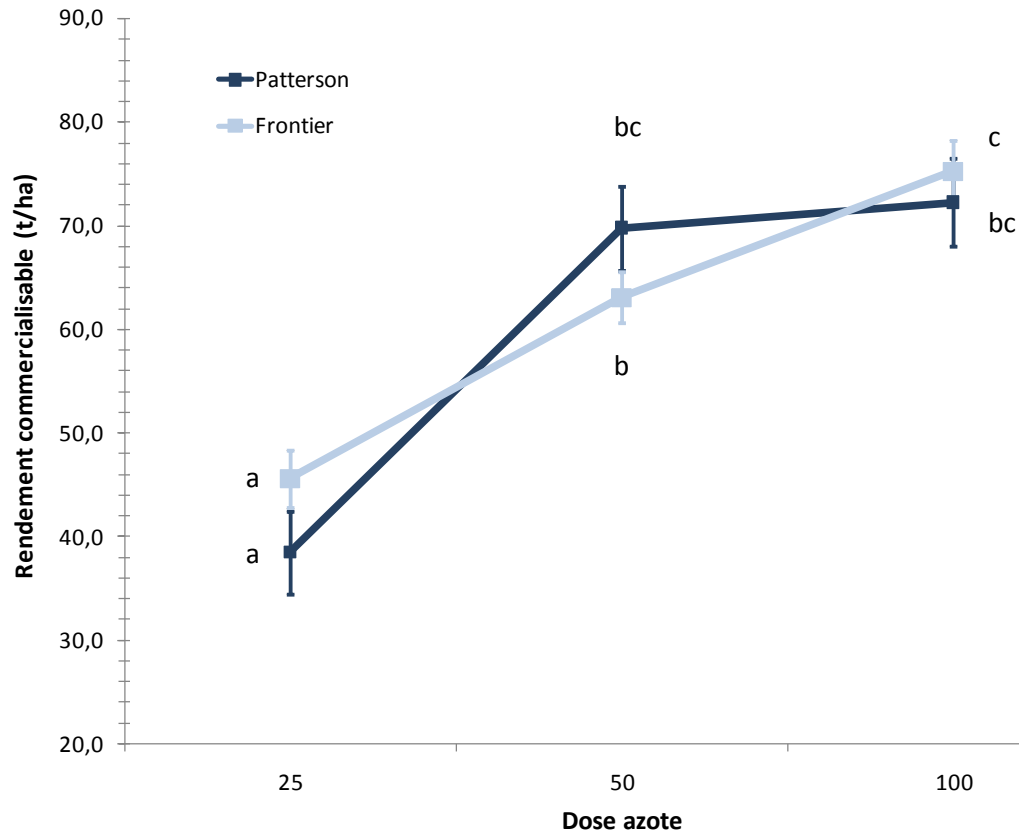
Rejects nature:

- **Too small**
- **Rot**
- **other**





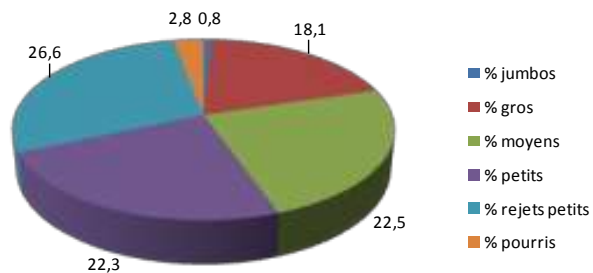
Marketable yield



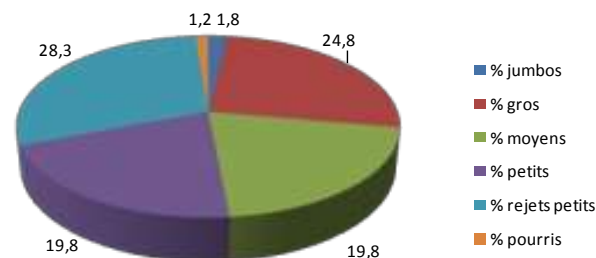


Sizes repartition vs Nitrogen rate

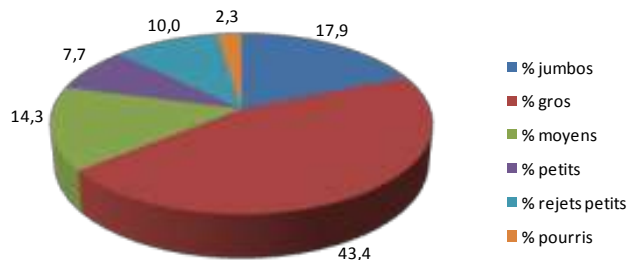
Patterson 25%



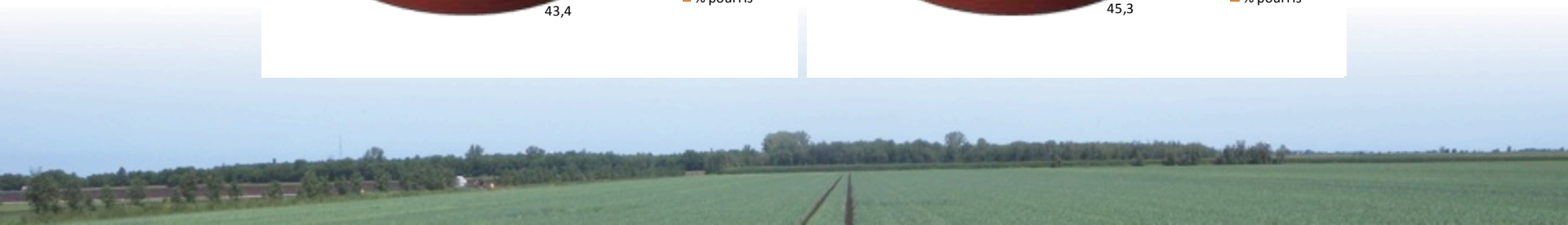
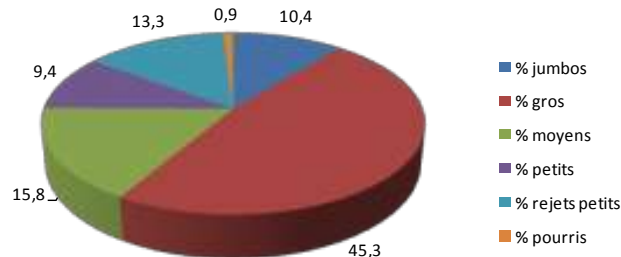
Frontier 25%



Patterson 50%



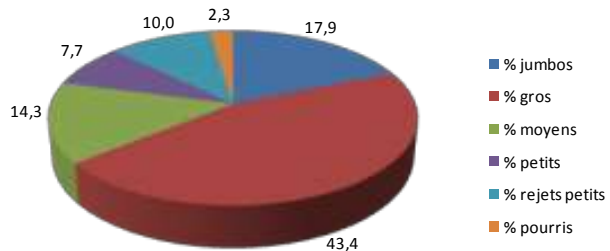
Frontier 50%



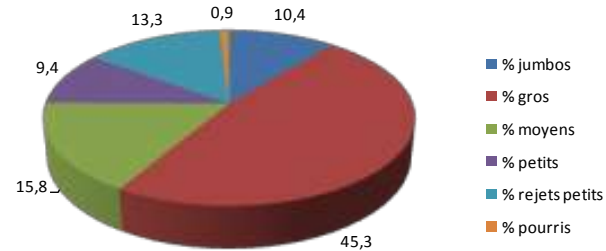


Sizes repartition vs Nitrogen rate

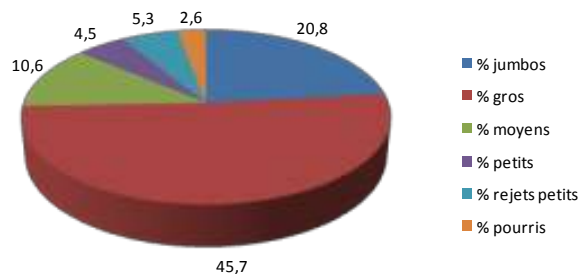
Patterson 50%



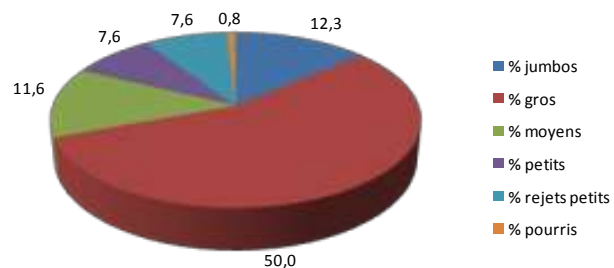
Frontier 50%



Patterson 100%



Frontier 100%





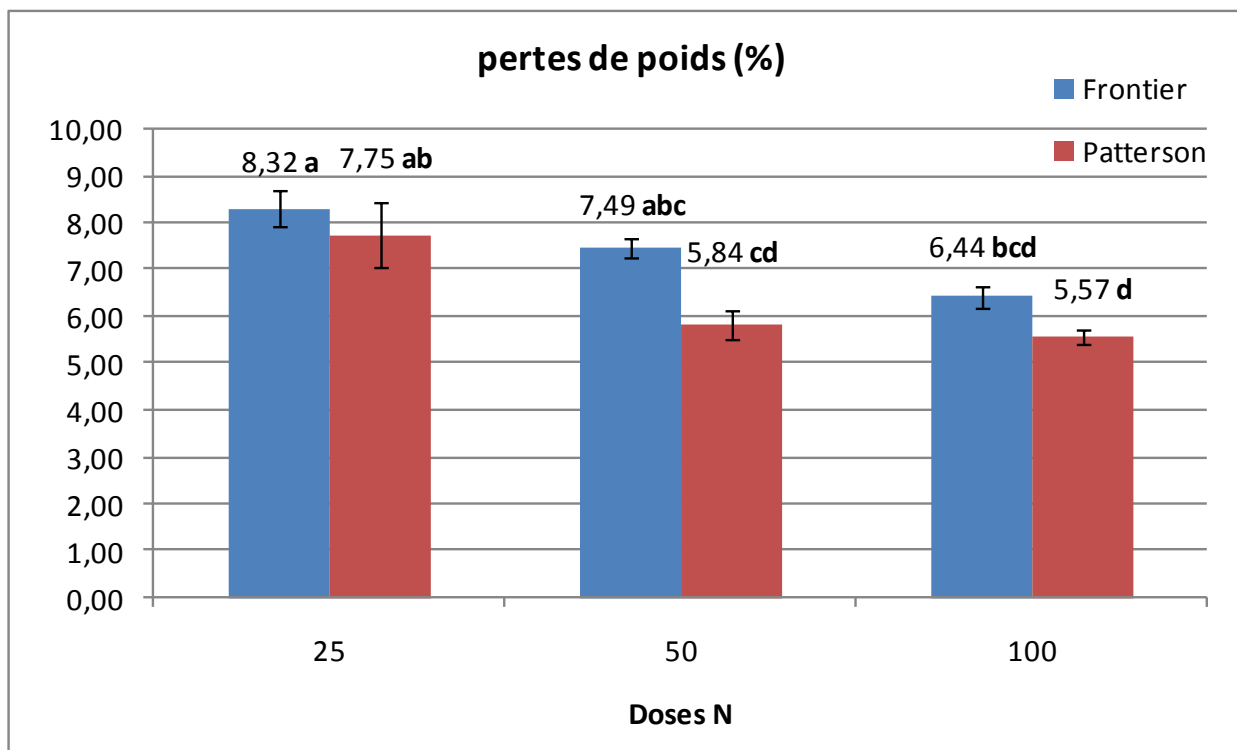
Conclusion

- **The optimum Nitrogen rate on Patterson is 60 kg/ha (50%), while it is between 60 kg/ha and 120 kg/ha for Frontier**
- **Both varieties end up with lower yield and more small onions at a Nitrogen rate of 30 kg/ha (25%)**
- **Both varieties end up with the same size % and the % of small onions increase with higher rate**



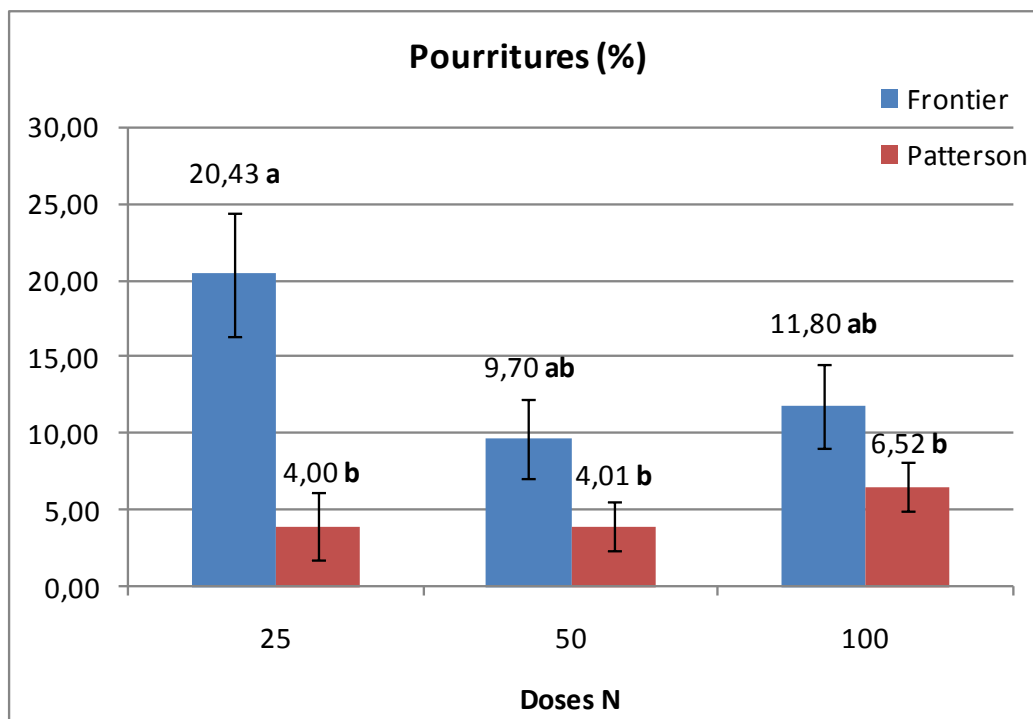


Weight losses per variety vs Nitrogen application rate





Decay losses per variety vs Nitrogen application rate





Post-harvest evaluations

- **Higher weight loss on Frontier after storage**
- **More rot on Frontier (14%) vs Patterson (4.88%)**
- **Rot percentage on Patterson increase with Nitrogen rate, not on Frontier**





2014

- **Sherrington, Qc (Vert Nature Inc.) :**
 - **2 sites with same methods as for 2012**
 - **Frontier vs Patterson**
- **Bradford, On (Hillside Farms)**
 - **1 advanced site**
 - **Stanley (1 variety only)**



